

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/53

Paper 5 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

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Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme

- ; separates marking points
- / separates alternatives within a marking point
- **R** reject
- **ignore** mark as if this material was not present
- **A** accept (a less than ideal answer which should be marked correct)
- **AW** alternative wording (accept other ways of expressing the same idea)
- underline words underlined (or grammatical variants of them) must be present
- **max** indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded
- **mark independently** the second mark may be given even if the first mark is wrong
- **ecf** credit a correct statement that follows a previous wrong response
- **()** the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
- **ora** or reverse argument
- **AVP** any valid point

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Question	Mark scheme	Mark	Guidance
1 (a) (i)	Biuret ;	[1]	
(ii)	blue to purple (means protein is present) ;	[1]	A stays blue linked to protein absent
(iii)	wear a lab coat / use a test-tube rack / wear gloves ;	[1]	ignore goggles
(b)	correct conversion of minutes to seconds ;	[1]	check from candidates results
(c)	table with suitable number of columns and rows ; column or row headings solution (added) / test-tube and time / s ; observations recorded for X1, X2 and no X <u>in seconds</u> ; expected trend (X1 faster than X2) ; two results faster than that recorded with no X ;	[5]	R if units in body of table
(d)	chemical X speeds up (the clotting process) ; X1 faster than X2 / sequence described / X1 fastest / XO slowest ; comparative use of processed data ;	[3]	A ecf for consistent description of candidate results XO > X1 > X2 ora data used must match candidate's results table. ignore raw data
(e)	volume of substrate (milk) would affect the rate of reaction AW ;	[1]	A : controlled variable R a control

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(f)	<p>any 2 from:</p> <p>water cools during the experiment ;</p> <p>cooler temperatures slow enzyme activity down ;</p> <p>if temperature is different for each test the results are less valid / reliable / AW ; ora</p>	[2]	<p>ignore references to optimum temperature</p> <p>A idea of changing two variables</p>
(g) (i)	(pH) <u>10</u> ;	[1]	
(ii)	<u>pepsin</u> ;	[1]	A gastric protease / protease in stomach
		[Total: 17]	
2 (a)	<p>drawing of outer edge, midrib and main veins uses single clear unbroken lines with no shading anywhere ;</p> <p>size larger than half available space ;</p> <p>detail ;</p> <p>any 2 from:</p> <p>correct shape of leaf</p> <p>appearance of leaf edge (smooth or serrated)</p> <p>venation pattern</p> <p>petiole</p>	[3]	R if does not resemble Centre specimen
(b) (i)	<p>$0.7 \div 4.2 \times 100$</p> <p>16.7 ;;</p>	[2]	two marks for correct answer with no working
(ii)	<p>leaves have different starting masses ;</p> <p>means that results (for different leaves) can be compared / AW</p> <p>ora ;</p>	[2]	ignore to make the results more fair / more reliable / more valid / accurate / precise

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(iii)	axes labelled and with an even scale on y-axis, x-axis leaf and letter and y-axis percentage decrease in mass ; size bars to fill at least half of the grid in both directions ; plots all accurate $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square ; bars ruled , of same width, not touching, and spaces between bars, same width as each other ;	[4]	A ecf from 2(b)(i)
(iv)	lower surface – because less water loss when it is covered ora / Q loses more than R or when lower surface is exposed / R loses less than Q or when the lower surface is covered /AW ;	[1]	R lower surface unqualified
(c)	<i>independent variable:</i> temperature ; <i>control variable: two from:</i> leaf type / species / similar size / similar surface area humidity AW / wind speed AW / light (intensity) / time / carbon dioxide concentration ;; <i>dependent variable:</i> mass / change or decrease in mass ;	[4]	R temperature and mass A distance moved by bubble / coloured water (in the context of a photosynthometer) ignore rate of transpiration / water loss R dry mass
		[Total: 16]	

